FTLF8524P3BNL

4.25 Gb/s RoHS Compliant Short-Wavelength SFP Transceiver

FTLF8524P3BNL Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers are compatible with the Small Form Factor Pluggable Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA)¹. The transceiver is RoHS compliant and per Directive 2011/65/EU² and Finisar Application Note AN-2038. Digital diagnostics functions are available via the 2-wireserial bus specified in the SFP MSA.



FEATURES

- Up to 4.25 Gb/s bi-directionaldata links
- Hot-pluggable SFP footprint
- Built-in digital diagnostic functions
- 850nm Oxide VCSEL lasertransmitter
- Duplex LC connector
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free
- Up to 300m on 62.5/125μm MMF
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- Single 3.3V power supply
- <0.5W
- Extended operating temperaturerange: -40°C to 85°C

APPLICATIONS

- Wireless: OBSAI, CPRI, LTE
- 4GFC application



Product Selection

FTLF8524P3BNL

- E: 40GBASE-SR4 compliant optical interface
- 1: First generation product
- C: Commercial temperature rate

I. Pin Descriptions

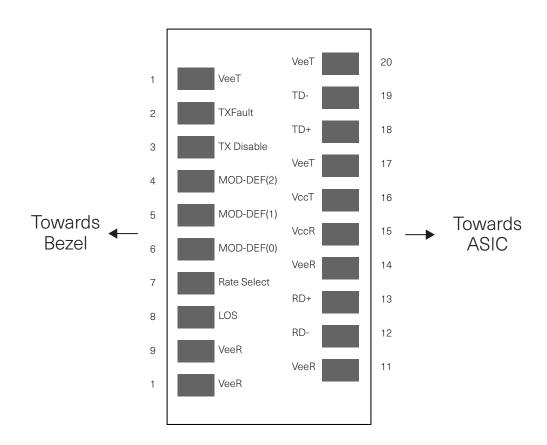


Diagram of Host Board Connector Block Pin Numbers and Names



Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T _{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault.	
3	T _{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	Module Definition 2. Data line for Serial ID.	3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	Module Definition 1. Clock line for Serial ID.	3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.	3
7	Rate Select	No connection required	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	4
9	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
10	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Notes

- 1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
- 2. Laser output disabled on T_{DIS} >2.0V or open, enabled on T_{DIS} <0.8V.
 3. Should be pulled up with 4.7k 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD_DEF(0) pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
- 4. LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k 10kohms on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

II. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Ref.
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		4.0	V	
Storage Temperature	T _s	-40		85	°C	
Case Operating Temperature	T _A	-40		85	°C	
Relative Humidity	RH	0		85	%	1



III. Electrical Characteristics (T_A , V_{CC} = 3.1 to 3.46 Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Ref.
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.1		3.46	V	
Supply Current	Icc		130	144	mA	
Transmitter						
Input differential impedance	R _{in}		100		Ω	2
Single ended data input swing	Vin,pp	150		1200	mV	3
Transmit Disable Voltage	V _D	2		Vcc	V	4
Transmit Enable Voltage	V _{EN}	Vee		Vee+ 0.8	V	
Receiver						
Single ended data output swing	Vout,pp	300		800	mV	5
Data output rise time	t _r			140	ps	6
Data output fall time	t _f			140	ps	6
LOS Fault	V _{LOS fault}	2		Vcc _{HOST}	V	7
LOS Normal	V _{LOS norm}	Vee		Vee+0.5	V	7
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	100			mVpp	8
Determinstic Jitter Contribution @ 3.7 Gb/s				28	ps	9
Total Jitter Contribution @ 3.7 Gb/s				77	ps	10

Notes:

- 1. Non condensing.
- 2. Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupling from pins into laser driver IC.
- 3. We recommend <600mV for best EMI performance.
- 4. Or open circuit.
- 5. Into 100 ohms differential termination.
- 6. Unfiltered, 20 80 %
- 7. LOS is an open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k 10kohms on the host board. Normal operation is logic 0; loss of signal is logic 1. Maximum pull-up voltage is 5.5V.
- 8. Receiver sensitivity is compliant with power supply sinusoidal modulation of 20 Hz to 1.5 MHz up to specified value applied through the recommended power supply filtering network.
- 9. Typical peak-to-peak jitter (=6*RMS width of Jitter).
- 10. Measured with DJ-free data input signal. In actual application, output DJ will be the sum of input DJ and Δ DJ. If measured with TJ-free data input signal. In actual application, output TJ will be given by:

$$TJ_{OLIT} = DJ_{IN} + \Delta DJ + \sqrt{(TJ_{IN} - DJ_{IN})^2 + (\Delta TJ - \Delta DJ)^2}$$



IV. Optical Characteristics (T_A , V_{cc} = 3.10 to 3.46 Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	7BMax	Unit	Ref.
Transmitter						
Output Opt. Pwr: 50 or 62.5 MMF	P _{out}	-9			dBm	1
Optical Wavelength	λ	830		860	nm	
Spectral Width	δ			0.85	nm	
Optical Modulation Amplitude @ 4.25 Gb/s	OMA	247			μW	
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-118	dB/Hz	
Deterministic Jitter Contribution	TX Δ DJ			28.2	ps	2
Total Jitter Contribution	TXΔTJ			56.5	ps	3
Receiver						
Receiver Sensitivity @ 4.25Gb/s (OMA)	Rx _{sens}			-12.1	dBm	4
Average Receiver Power	RxMAX			0	dBm	
Optical Center Wavelength	$\lambda_{_{ m C}}$	770		860	nm	
Optical Return Loss		12			dB	
LOS De-Assert	LOS _D			-20	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOS _A	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB	

Notes:

- 1. Class 1 Laser Safety per FDA/CDRH, and EN (IEC) 60825 laser safety standards.
- 2. Measured with DJ-free data input signal. In actual application, output DJ will be the sum of input DJ and Δ DJ.
- 3. If measured with TJ-free data input signal. In actual application, output TJ will be given by

$$TJ_{OUT} = DJ_{IN} + \Delta DJ + \sqrt{(TJ_{IN} - DJ_{IN})^2 + (\Delta TJ - \Delta DJ)^2}$$

4. Specifications are for 50 micro-meter or 62.5 micro-meter fiber.



V. General Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Ref.
Data Rate	BR		3.7	4.25	Gb/sec	1
Bit Error Rate	BER			10 ⁻¹²		4
Fiber Length over OM3	L			300	m	1

Notes:

VI. Environmental Specifications

The FTL410Q transceivers have an operating temperature range from 0°C to +70°C case temperature.

Environmental Specifications	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Ref.
Case Operating Temperature	T _{op}	-40		85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T _{sto}	-40		85	°C	

VII. Regulatory Compliance

Finisar transceivers are Class Finisar laser transceiver complies with Laser Class 1 per latest edition of EN60825-1 and IEC 60825-1 for fiber optic systems.



^{1. 300}m OM3 MMF

VIII. Digital Diagnostic Functions

Finisar FTLF8524P3BNL SFP transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP MSA¹. It is very closely related to the E²PROM defined in the GBIC standard, with the same electrical specifications.

The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, Finisar SFP transceivers provide a enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in E²PROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged. The interface is identical to, and is thus fully backward compatible with both the GBIC Specification and the SFP Multi

Source Agreement. The complete interface is described in Finisar Application Note AN- 2030: "Digital Diagnostics Monitoring Interface for SFP Optical Transceivers".

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E²PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

For more information, please see the SFP MSA documentation^{1,5} and Finisar Application Note AN-2030.

Please note that evaluation board FDB-1018 is available with Finisar ModDEMO software that allows simple to use communication over the 2-wire serial interface.



IX. Digital Diagnostic Specifications

FTLF8524P3BNL transceivers can be used in host systems that require either internally or externally calibrated digital diagnostics.

Parameter	Symbol	Units	Min	Max	Accuracy	Ref.
Accuracy						
Internally measured transceiver temperature	DD _{Temperature}			3	°C	
Internally measured transceiver supply voltage	DD _{Voltage}			100	mV	
Measured TX bias current	DD _{Bias}			10	%	1
Measured TX output power	DD _{Tx-Power}			2	dB	
Measured RX received average optical power	DD _{Rx-Power}			2	dB	
Dynamic Range for Rated Accuracy						
Internally measured transceiver temperature	DD _{Temperature}	-20		85	°C	
Internally measured transceiver supply voltage	DD _{Voltage}	3.0		3.6	V	
Measured TX bias current	DD _{Bias}	0		20	mA	
Measured TX output power	DD _{Tx-Power}	-9		-2.5	dBm	
Measured RX received average optical power	DD _{Rx-Power}	-20		0	dBm	
Max Reporting Range						
Internally measured transceiver temperature	DD _{Temperature}	-40		125	°C	
Internally measured transceiver supply voltage	DD _{Voltage}	2.8		4.0	V	
Measured TX bias current	DD _{Bias}	0		20	mA	
Measured TX output power	DD _{Tx-Power}	-10		-3	dBm	
Measured RX received average optical power	DD _{Rx-Power}	-22		0	dBm	

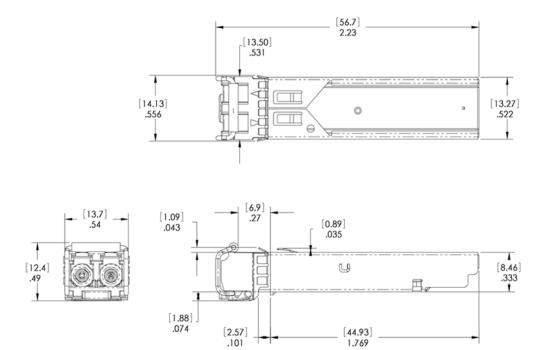
Notes:



^{1.} Accuracy of Measured Tx Bias Current is 10% of the actual Bias Current from the laser driver to the laser.

X. Mechanical Specifications

Finisar's Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers are compatible with the dimensions defined by the SFP Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA).



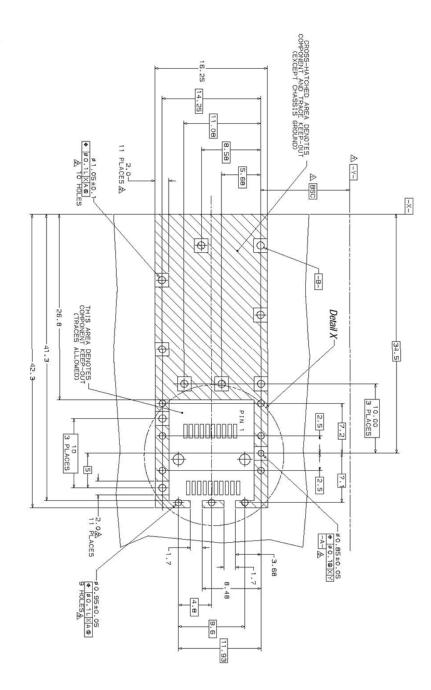
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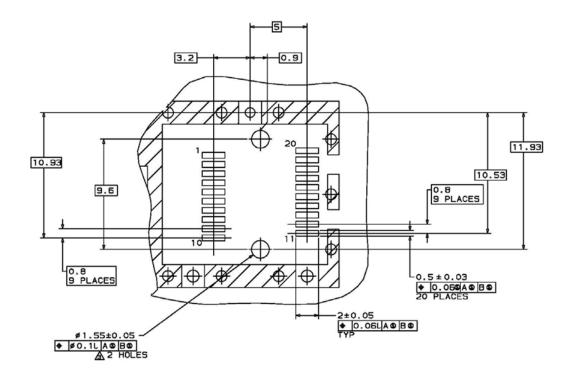


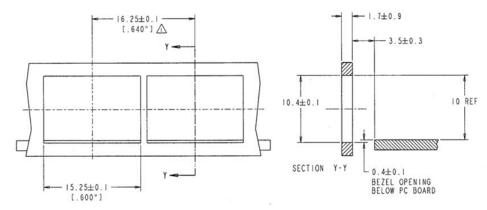
XI. PCB Layout and Bezel Recommendations

② Patum and Basic Dimension Established by Customer ② Pads and Vias are Chassis Ground, 11 Places ③ Through Holes are Unplated









NOTES:

⚠ MINIMUM PITCH ILLUSTRATED, ENGLISH DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY

2. NOT RECOMMENDED FOR PCI EXPANSION CARD APPLICATIONS

XII. References

- 1. Small Form-factor Pluggable (SFP) Transceiver Multi-source Agreement (MSA), September 14, 2000.
- 2. Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Council Parliament and of the Council, "on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment". 08-June 2011, which supercedes the previous ROHS Directive 2002/95/EC.
- 3. "Digital Diagnostics Monitoring Interface for Optical Transceivers". SFF Document Number SFF-8472, Revision 9.3.

