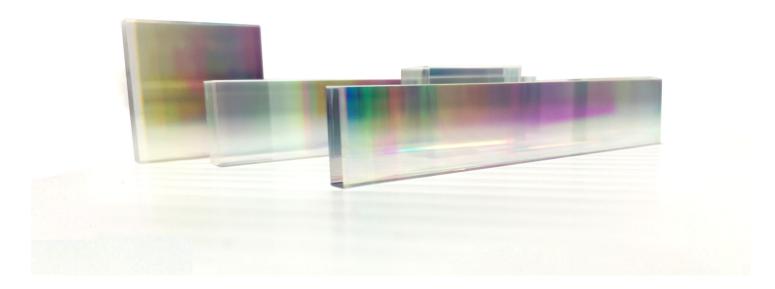
HIGH-EFFICIENCY TRANSMISSION DIFFRACTION GRATING

T-1850-915s Series

T-1850-915s series lithographically patterned transmission diffraction grating is designed to be used in demanding industrial applications (Raman and other types of spectroscopy, OCT, pulse compression and high power beam combining). It is characterized by high efficiency, excellent long-term stability, and high power handling. Gratings produced by Coherent undergo extensive quality assurance, have proven reliability track record and are competitively priced.



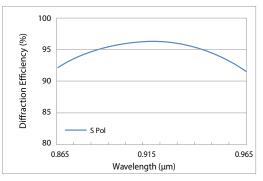
PRODUCT KEY



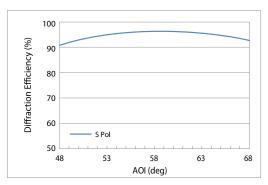


HIGH-EFFICIENCY TRANSMISSION DIFFRACTION GRATING

The S-polarization optimized transmission grating has 1851.85 lines/mm and designed to operate near 915 nm central wavelength at 57.9° angle of incidence (AOI). Extended wavelength range performance and angular sensitivity information is provided below.

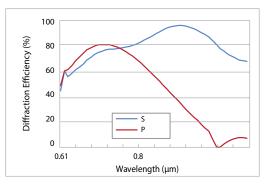


Typical absolute diffraction efficiency at AOI 57.9°*



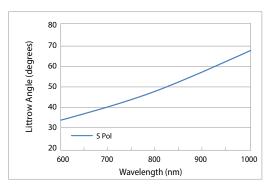
Diffraction efficiency at 915 nm as a function of AOI *

Extended operational range: The grating may operate over broader wavelength range provided that suitable antireflective coating and angle of incidence is used. The plot below shows simulated performance* over extended range assuming fixed input angle (design Littrow angle of 57.9°), not accounting for AR coating losses. Optimal input angle for each wavelength is shown on the right.



Typical absolute diffraction efficiency at AOI 57.9° *

^{*} Simulated performance shown (for guidance only)



Optimal input angle for each wavelength (Littrow condition)

Specifications

Description		
Line Density	1851.85	Lines/mm
Line Density Uniformity	0.001	Lines/mm
Angle of Incidence (AOI) ¹	57.9 ±1	۰
Wavelength Range	915 ±20	nm
Optimal polarization ²	S	
Diffraction Efficiency ³	>93	%
Dimension tolerances	±0.2 for grating size and width	
Substrate Thickness	0.95 ±0.050 mm	
Material	Fused silica, dielectric layers, no polymers	
Scratch/Dig ⁴	60/40 standard, 40/20 and 20/10 custom	

Notes

- ¹ Optical grating performance will remain similar over larger variation in angle of incidence.
- ² S-polarization: electric field vector is parallel to the grating lines.
- ³ Worst case in the operational wavelength range for optimal polarization.
- ⁴ As per MIL-PRF-1380B in the clear aperture; no requirements outside of the clear aperture.

