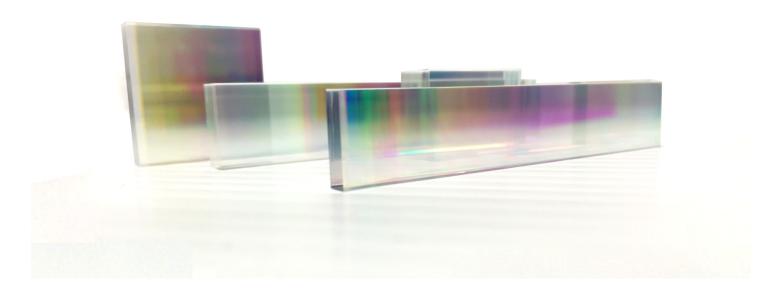
HIGH-EFFICIENCY TRANSMISSION DIFFRACTION GRATING

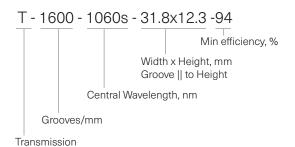
T-1600-1060s Series

T-1600-1060s series lithographically patterned transmission diffraction grating is designed to be used in demanding industrial applications (spectroscopy, pulse compression and high power beam combining).

It is characterized by high efficiency, excellent long-term stability and high power handling. Gratings produced by Coherent undergo extensive quality assurance, have proven reliability track record and competitively priced.



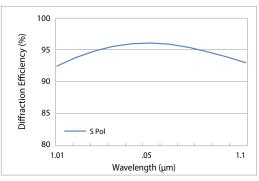
PRODUCT KEY



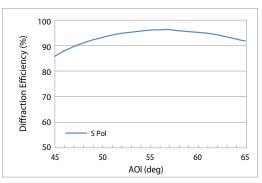


HIGH-EFFICIENCY TRANSMISSION DIFFRACTION GRATING

The single polarization optimized transmission grating has 1600 lines/mm and designed to operate near 1060 nm central wavelength at 58° angle of incidence (AOI). Extended wavelength range performance and angular sensitivity information is provided below.

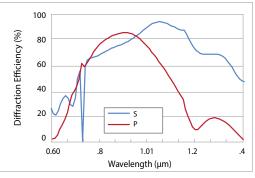


Typical absolute diffraction efficiency at AOI 58° *



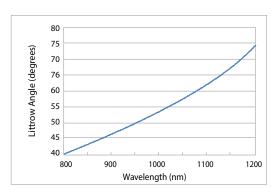
Diffraction efficiency at 1060 nm as a function of AOI *

Extended operational range: The grating may operate over broader wavelength range provided that suitable antireflective coating and angle of incidence is used. The plot below shows simulated performance* over extended range assuming fixed input angle (designed Littrow angle of 58°), not accounting for AR coating losses. Optimal input angle for each wavelength is shown on the right.



Typical absolute diffraction efficiency at AOI 58° *





Optimal input angle for each wavelength (Littrow condition)

Specifications

Description		
Line Density	1600.0	Lines/mm
Line Density Uniformity	0.001	Lines/mm
Angle of Incidence (AOI) 1	58.0 ±1	۰
Wavelength Range	1060 ±20	nm
Optimal polarization ²	S	
Diffraction Efficiency ³	≥94	%
Dimension tolerances	±0.2 for grating size and width	
Substrate Thickness	0.95 ±0.05	
Material	Fused silica, dielectric layers	
Scratch/Dig ⁴	60/40 standard, 40/20 and 20/10 custom	

Notes

- ¹ Optical grating performance will remain substantially similar over a 5° variation in angle of incidence.
- ² S-polarization: electric field vector is parallel to the grating lines; P-polarization is orthogonal to S.
- ³ Worst case in the operational wavelength range for optimal polarization.
- ⁴ As per MIL-PRF-1380B in the clear aperture; no requirements outside of the clear aperture.

